

Focus Ukraine Markets

Macroeconomics and financial markets

levander Valchyshen

Research team

Alexander Valchyshen, Mykhaylo Demkiv

## **#UkrFinForum17**

# Day 2. Panel 5-1

#### Relaxation of FX controls, capital markets regulation, BEPS

FX liberalization is not the acute problem that it was two years ago.

FX restrictions have been eased by the National Bank of Ukraine, which contributed to the stabilization of the financial system as a whole, and the FX market in particular. However the regulator does not have a predetermined timeframe for the complete removal of FX barriers.

Oleg Churiy, Deputy Governor on the National Bank of Ukraine (NBU),

believes that some existing FX restrictions have become ineffective and obsolete; however, they can only be rescinded at the legislative level. The NBU is planning to introduce a recently developed bill on foreign currency to the National Council of Reforms for submission to parliament. They are looking to change the philosophy: everything that is not explicitly forbidden will be allowed. Current regulations require permission for each currency transaction. The authors propose a phased-in introduction of the new law, if approved.

The NBU plans to abandon licensing requirements on FX transactions, and also on general licenses. It will set a maximum cap for certain types of operations for the withdrawal of funds from abroad. Currently, this mechanism is available to individuals, who are allowed to invest abroad up to US\$50,000 (UAH1.3m).

Commercial banks will retain the function of financial monitoring. Also, the NBU will not issue permits for non-resident borrowing, limiting its function to maintaining statistics.

Despite past devaluations, Ukrainians continue to keep about half of their funds in banks in the national currency. At the same time, for many reliable banks, it has become problematic to reinvest foreign-currency deposits, so they effectively suspended collection of long-term deposits by lowering their rates virtually to zero.

Ruslan Demchak, MP, Deputy Chairman, Parliamentary Committee on Finance and Banking Policy, believes that the new currency law will not restrict the NBU's ability to regulate the currency market in a timely manner. In the future, depending on economic conditions, the NBU will be able to introduce currency restrictions.

Demchak believes that the law on currency and the implementation of BEPS should be conducted through parliament simultaneously, and as soon as possible. Chances for this legislation to pass look good. "If we do not become a member of BEPS, Ukraine will be put on "black lists", which will hinder doing business in the country."

**Timur Khromayev, Chairman of the National Securities and Stock Market Commission (NSSMC)**, noted the enormous dependence on foreign markets and financial instruments. Half of the country's GDP depends on the pricing on foreign commodity exchanges. Khromayev believes that currency liberalization is not enough; it is necessary to create a domestic market, powerful domestic banks,

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Without joining BEPS, Ukraine will be on the black list of foreign fiscal authorities capitalized non-banking institutions, the second and third levels of pension reform, and ensure transparent pricing at domestic exchanges.

**Volodymyr Kotenko, Partner at EY**, stresses the shortcomings of the existing legislation on transfer pricing. BEPS principles dictate that cross-border companies report breakdowns of taxes paid in all jurisdictions. This will allow tax authorities to gain a better understanding of the activities of companies, in particular the economic content of export operations.

It is felt that tax amnesty has a negative impact on tax discipline, as taxpayers have an incentive to avoid paying taxes until the next amnesty announcement. In Ukraine, there was only an attempt to make a quasi-amnesty, but it cannot be described as successful or inclusive. It should not be taken as a model, although tax amnesties, as such, are sometimes necessary. Because of the complexity of legislation, the majority of companies can be caught in violation of currency or fiscal legislation, with no malicious intent. Therefore, it is necessary to clearly outline the mechanism an amnesty, and its irreversibility.



11th floor, LEONARDO Business Centre 19-21 Bogdan Khmelnytsky Street Kiev, 01030 Ukraine Phone/Fax +38 044 2200120

WEB www.icu.ua





#### **CORPORATE FINANCE**

Makar Paseniuk, CFA, Managing Director makar.paseniuk@icu.ua

Ivan Shvydanenko, Director ivan.shvydanenko@icu.ua

Roman Nikitov, ACCA, Director roman.nikitov@icu.ua

Yuriy Kamarytskyi, Vice President yuriy.kamarytskyi@icu.ua

Ruslan Kilmukhametov, Director ruslan.kilmukhametov@icu.ua

Ruslan Patlavsky, Director ruslan.patlavsky@icu.ua

#### STRATEGY AND CORPORATE DEVELOPMENT

Vlad Sinani, Director vlad.sinani@icu.ua

#### **SALES AND TRADING**

Konstantin Stetsenko 🔰 Managing Director konstantin.stetsenko@icu.ua

Liliya Kubytovych 🔰

Asset Management Product Sales liliya.kubytovych@icu.ua

#### Sergiy Byelyayev

Fixed-Income Trading sergiy.byelyayev@icu.ua

Yevgeniya Gryshchenko Fixed-Income Sales yevgeniya.gryshchenko@icu.ua

## Vitaliy Sivach 🔰

Fixed-Income & FX Trading vitaliy.sivach@icu.ua

Bogdan Vorotilin 🔰 bogdan.vorotilin@icu.ua

#### **RESEARCH**

Alexander Valchyshen 🔰 Head of Research alexander.valchyshen@icu.ua

Taras Kotovych 🔰

Senior financial analyst (Sovereign debt) taras.kotovych@icu.ua

#### Alexander Martynenko 🔰

Head of corporate research alexander.martynenko@icu.ua

Mykhaylo Demkiv 🔰 Financial analyst (Banks) mykhaylo.demkiv@icu.ua Lee Daniels, Rolfe Haas

**Editors** 

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